

Groups and Group Actions, Sheet 2, HT18

Permutations of a finite set. Transpositions. Parity. Conjugacy.

1. Three permutations α, β, γ of $\{1, 2, \dots, 11, 12\}$ are given below. In each case express the permutation as a product of disjoint cycles.

$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 12 & 6 & 5 & 7 & 4 & 8 & 11 & 2 & 3 & 9 & 10 & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 1 & 9 & 10 & 8 & 12 & 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}.$$

What is the order of each permutation? Which are even and which are odd permutations? Write $\alpha^2, \alpha\beta, \gamma^{-1}$ as products of disjoint cycles.

2. There are five different types of cycle decomposition of $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$: the identity permutation, 2-cycles (e.g. (12)), 3-cycles (e.g. (123)), 4-cycles (e.g. (1234)) and double transpositions (e.g. $(12)(34)$). How many are there of each type in S_4 ? (You should have $4! = 24$ permutations in all.)

What types of cycle decomposition arise among even permutations of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and how many are there of each type? (Note that $|A_5| = 60$.)

3. Let σ be a permutation of $\{1, \dots, n\}$ and let $k \in \{1, \dots, n\}$. Show that

$$\sigma^{-1}(123 \dots k)\sigma = (1\sigma 2\sigma \dots k\sigma).$$

The permutations $\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in S_5$ are given by

$$\alpha = (123)(45), \quad \beta = (1234), \quad \gamma = (23).$$

Find $(\alpha\beta^5\gamma^3\alpha^2\gamma\beta^3\alpha^5)^3$.

4. (i) Let $\text{sgn}(\sigma)$ denote the sign of a permutation $\sigma \in S_n$ (that is, $\text{sgn}(\sigma) = 1$ if σ is even and -1 if σ is odd). Show for $\sigma, \tau \in S_n$ that

$$\text{sgn}(\sigma\tau) = \text{sgn}(\sigma)\text{sgn}(\tau).$$

(ii) Show that a permutation with odd order must be even. Does the converse hold?

(iii) The vertices of a regular pentagon are labelled clockwise 1 to 5. Show that every symmetry of the pentagon corresponds to an even permutation. How will the situation vary if the vertices are now arbitrarily labelled with the numbers 1 to 5?

5. (i) Show that $V_4 = \{e, (12)(34), (13)(24), (14)(23)\}$ is an Abelian group.

(ii) Show that V_4 is isomorphic to $C_2 \times C_2$.

(iii) How many isomorphisms are there from V_4 to $C_2 \times C_2$?

6. (i) Find a permutation $\alpha \in S_7$ such that $\alpha^4 = (2143567)$. Is α unique?

(ii) Find all permutations $\alpha \in S_7$ such that $\alpha^3 = (1234)$.

(iii) Find permutations $\alpha, \beta \in S_5$ both with order 3 such that $\alpha\beta$ has order 5.

(iv) Let $n \geq 3$. Find permutations $\alpha, \beta \in S_n$ both with order 2 such that $\alpha\beta$ has order n .