

MFoCS questions should be done by MFoCS students, although everyone is encouraged to try them; we may not have time to go through them in classes. Questions (or parts of questions) marked with a + sign are intended as a challenge for enthusiasts: we will not go through them in classes!

1. Write down all antichains contained in  $\mathcal{P}(1)$  and  $\mathcal{P}(2)$ . How many different antichains are there in  $\mathcal{P}(3)$ ?
2. Let  $k \leq n/2$ , and suppose that  $\mathcal{F}$  is an antichain in  $\mathcal{P}(n)$  such that every  $A \in \mathcal{F}$  has  $|A| \leq k$ . Prove that  $|\mathcal{F}| \leq \binom{n}{k}$ .
3. Let  $(P, \leq)$  be a poset. Suppose that every chain in  $P$  has at most  $k$  elements. Prove that  $P$  can be written as the union of  $k$  antichains.
4. Suppose  $\mathcal{F} \subset \mathcal{P}(n)$  is a set system containing no chain with  $k + 1$  sets.

(a) Prove that

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \frac{|\mathcal{F}_i|}{\binom{n}{i}} \leq k,$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_i = \mathcal{F} \cap [n]^{(i)}$  for each  $i$ .

- (b) What is the maximum possible size of such a system?
5. (a) Look up Stirling's Formula. Use it to find an asymptotic estimate of form  $(1 + o(1))f(n)$  for  $\binom{n}{n/2}$ .
- (b) Now do the same for  $\binom{n}{pn}$  where  $p \in (0, 1)$  is a constant. Write your answer in terms of the binary entropy function  $H(p) = -p \log p - (1 - p) \log(1 - p)$ .
6. (MFoCS) Let  $f(n)$  be the number of subsets  $\mathcal{A} \subset \mathcal{P}(n)$  such that  $\mathcal{A}$  is an antichain.
  - (a) Prove that  $f(n) \geq 2^{\binom{n}{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor}}$  for every  $n$ .
  - (b) Prove that, for every  $\epsilon > 0$ ,  $f(n) \leq 2^{\epsilon 2^n}$  for all sufficiently large  $n$ .
  - (c)<sup>+</sup> Prove that there is a constant  $C > 0$  such that

$$f(n) \leq C^{\binom{n}{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor}}$$

for every  $n$ .