## Axiomatic Set Theory: Problem sheet 4

Update 02.03.2017: minor corrections (replaced  $\omega$  in Q1 by **On** and clarified the assumptions in Q2).

**1.** Assume ZF. For a set A, define L[A] by recursion on **On** by  $L_0 = TC(\{A\})$ ,  $L[A]_{\alpha+1} = Def(L[A]_{\alpha})$  and  $L[A]_{\gamma} = \bigcup_{\beta < \gamma} L[A]_{\beta}$ . Finally set  $L[A] = \bigcup_{\alpha \in On} L[A]_{\alpha}$  (so really L[A] is a formula with one free variable x saying  $\exists \alpha \in On \ x \in L[A]_{\alpha}$ ).

Show that  $L[A] \vDash ZF$ , and that if A is a set of ordinals then  $L[A] \vDash ZFC$ . Show that if  $A \subseteq \omega$  then  $L[A] \vDash CH$ .

- \* Show that if  $A \subseteq \omega_1$  and V = L[A] then  $L[A] \models CH$  by showing that  $\mathcal{P}(\omega) \subseteq \bigcup \{L[A \cap \beta]_{\alpha} : \alpha, \beta \in \omega_1\}$
- **2.** Assume  $\mathbf{ZF} + \text{``V} = \mathbf{L}\text{''}$ . Show that for ordinals  $\alpha > \omega$ ,  $L_{\alpha} = V_{\alpha}$  if and only if  $\alpha = \aleph_{\alpha}$ . Show that there are ordinals  $\alpha$  with  $\alpha = \aleph_{\alpha}$ .
- **3.** Prove that for any infinite cardinal  $\kappa$ ,  $cf(\kappa)$  is a regular cardinal. Show that every successor cardinal  $\kappa^+$  is regular.
- **4.** Suppose  $\kappa, \lambda$  are infinite cardinals such that  $\kappa \geq \lambda$ . Prove that if  $\lambda \geq cf(\kappa)$ , then  $\kappa^{\lambda} > \kappa$ . Suppose now that  $\lambda < cf(\kappa)$ , and that  $\kappa$  has the property that for any cardinal  $\mu$ , if  $\mu < \kappa$  then  $2^{\mu} \leq \kappa$ . Prove that  $\kappa^{\lambda} = \kappa$ . Hence show that if GCH is assumed, then for any infinite cardinals  $\kappa, \lambda$  with  $\kappa \geq \lambda$ , we have  $\kappa^{\lambda} = \kappa$  or  $\kappa^{+}$ .
- **5.** Suppose  $\kappa$  is an uncountable regular cardinal. Let  $g: \kappa \to \kappa$  be any function. Prove that for any  $\alpha < \kappa$ , there exists  $\beta < \kappa$ , with  $\alpha \leq \beta$ , such that  $\beta$  is closed under g (i.e. for all  $\gamma < \beta$ ,  $g(\gamma) < \beta$ ).
- **6.** (Optional) Let  $\kappa$  be an uncountable regular cardinal with the property that for any cardinal  $\mu < \kappa$ , we have  $2^{\mu} < \kappa$ . (\*).

Prove that (i) if  $\alpha$  is any cardinal and  $\alpha < \kappa$ , then  $|V_{\alpha}| < \kappa$ , (ii)  $|V_{\kappa}| = \kappa$ , (iii)  $\langle V_{\kappa}, \in \rangle \vDash \text{ZFC}$ .

(For (iii) you need consider only the replacement scheme, since we essentially showed that if  $\alpha$  is a limit ordinal and  $\alpha > \omega$ , then  $\langle V_{\alpha}, \in \rangle$  satisfies all the axioms of ZFC except, possibly, replacement.)

Deduce that in ZFC one cannot prove the existence of a cardinal that satisfies (\*).