Professor Joyce B3.2 Geometry of Surfaces MT 2019

Initial problem sheet (Not to be handed in)

1. Define an equivalence relation on the unit interval [0, 1] by $x \sim y$ if either x = y or x = 0 and y = 1. Show that the set of equivalence classes with the quotient topology is homeomorphic to the unit circle.

2. Let X be the space of equivalence classes of points in $\mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}$ under the equivalence relation $(x_1, x_2) \sim (\lambda x_1, \lambda^{-1} x_2)$ for some $\lambda \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$. Show by considering the equivalence classes of (0, 1) and (1, 0) that the space X is not Hausdorff in the quotient topology.

3. A connected surface X is obtained by taking n copies of a sphere with two disjoint open discs removed, and identifying the 2n boundary circles in pairs. Show that the Euler characteristic of X must vanish.

4. A connected surface Y is obtained by taking 2n copies of a sphere with three disjoint open discs removed, and identifying the 6n boundary circles in pairs. What values can the Euler characteristic take?



Can you make this surface this way?

5. Let S be the set of all straight lines in \mathbb{R}^2 (not necessarily through 0). Show that there is a natural way to make S into a topological surface. Show that S is homeomorphic to the open Möbius band M.

6. Consider the quotient

$$S = \mathbb{R}^2 / G$$

where $G = \mathbb{Z}^2$ acts¹ by $(n,m) \bullet (x,y) = ((-1)^m x + n, y + m)$ on \mathbb{R}^2 , where $n, m \in \mathbb{Z}$. Show that S is homeomorphic to the Klein bottle.

7. A figure 8 loop consists of two circles touching at a point. Show that a torus can be obtained by attaching a disc onto a figure 8 loop.

 $^{{}^1}G = \mathbb{Z}^2$ as a set, but as a group $G = \mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ is a *semi-direct product*.