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$$p_z = -p$$

write $\epsilon = \epsilon_0$

$$\epsilon \dot{u} - (1 + \epsilon \beta y) v + p_{1x} = 0$$

$$\dot{u} = \frac{du}{dt} \text{ etc}$$

$$\epsilon \dot{v} + (1 + \epsilon \beta y) u + p_{1y} = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + u \partial_x + v \partial_y + w \partial_z$$

$$u_{1x} + v_{1y} + w_{1z} = 0$$

$$\epsilon \dot{p} - N^2 w = 0$$

(a) $\epsilon \ll 1, N, \beta \sim 1 \quad u = u_0 + \epsilon u_1, \dots$

(i) leading order $v = p_{1x} \quad u = -p_y$

geostrophy

$$\Rightarrow u = \psi_y, \quad v = -\psi_x \quad \psi = p$$

($w \approx 0$ so constant)

(ii) next order

$$p_{1z} = -p_1$$

$$\dot{u}_0 - \beta y v_0 - v_1 + p_{1x} = 0$$

$$\dot{v}_0 + \beta y u_0 + u_1 + p_{1y} = 0$$

$$u_{1x} + v_{1y} + w_{1z} = 0$$

$$p_0 = N^2 w_1$$

$\Delta_{\text{new}} \equiv \frac{d}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + u_0 \partial_x + v_0 \partial_y \quad (\text{as } w_0 = 0)$

(*) curl of momentum:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[\frac{\partial u_0}{\partial t} + u_0 u_{0x} + v_0 u_{0y} \right] - \beta (y v_0)_y - v_{1y} + p_{1xy}$$

$$- \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[v_0 + u_0 v_{0x} + v_0 v_{0y} \right] - \beta (y u_0)_x - u_{1x} - p_{1xy} = 0$$

Thus

$$\begin{aligned}
 & u_{0yt} + u_{0y}u_{0x} + u_0u_{0xy} + v_{0y}u_{0y} + v_0u_{0yy} - \beta v_0 - \beta y v_{0y} - u_{1y} \\
 & - v_{0xt} - u_{0x}v_{0x} - u_0v_{0xx} - v_{0x}v_{0y} - v_0v_{0xy} - \beta y u_{0x} - u_{1x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\nabla_H^2 \Psi) + u_0 \underbrace{(u_{0y} - v_{0x})}_\Psi + \underbrace{(u_{0x} + v_{0y})}_{=0} (u_{0y} - v_{0x}) + v_0 \underbrace{(u_{0y} - v_{0x})}_\Psi y - \beta v_0 - \beta y (u_{0x} + v_{0y}) - (u_{1x} + v_{1y}) = 0$$

$$\nabla_H^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + u_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + v_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) (\Psi_{xx} + \Psi_{yy}) - \beta v_0 + w_{1z} = 0$$

note $\frac{dy}{dt} = v_0$ $\left(\frac{d}{dt} = \partial_t + u_0 \partial_x + v_0 \partial_y \right)$

$$\& \quad w_1 = \frac{1}{N^2} \dot{p}_0 = -\frac{1}{N^2} \frac{d}{dt} (p_z) = \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{d}{dt} \Psi_z = \frac{1}{N^2} \left(\partial_t + u_0 \partial_x + v_0 \partial_y \right) \Psi_z$$

$$\Rightarrow w_{1z} = \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{d}{dt} \Psi_{zz}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\Psi_{xx} + \Psi_{yy} - \beta y + \frac{1}{N^2} \Psi_{zz} \right] = 0$$

Since $\frac{d}{dt} u_{0z} \Psi_{xz} + v_{0z} \Psi_{yz} = -u_{0z} v_{0z} + v_{0z} u_{0z} = 0$

(c) $\Psi = y + \underline{\Psi}$, linear (since state $u=1, v=0$)

$$(i) \quad \frac{d}{dt} \approx \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + (1 + \underline{\Psi}_y) \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - \underline{\Psi}_x \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$$

$$\left[\partial_t + (1 + \underline{\Psi}_y) \partial_x - \underline{\Psi}_x \partial_y \right] \left[\underline{\Psi}_{xx} + \underline{\Psi}_{yy} - \beta y + \frac{1}{N^2} \underline{\Psi}_{zz} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) \left[\underline{\Psi}_{xx} + \underline{\Psi}_{yy} + \frac{1}{N^2} \underline{\Psi}_{zz} \right] + \beta \underline{\Psi}_x = 0$$

(ii)

$$\Psi = \exp[i(kx + ly + mz - \omega t)]$$

$$\Rightarrow (-i\omega + ik) \left[-k^2 - l^2 - \frac{m^2}{N^2} \right] + ik\beta = 0$$

$$- (\omega - k) \left[k^2 + l^2 + \frac{m^2}{N^2} \right] + k\beta = 0$$

$$\omega = k + \frac{k\beta}{k^2 + l^2 + \frac{m^2}{N^2}}$$

Group wave speed is $\frac{\omega}{k} = 1 + \frac{\beta}{k^2 + l^2 + \frac{m^2}{N^2}}$

(iii) $\beta = 0$ $\omega = k$ wave speed is $\frac{\omega}{k} = 1$

which is the group flow speed

i.e. waves move with the flow

(iv) $\beta > 0$ $\frac{\omega}{k} = 1 + \frac{\beta}{k^2 + l^2 + \frac{m^2}{N^2}}$

so waves move ~~west~~ east relative to mean flow.