

# STRING THEORY

## II

### Lecture II

OXFORD UNIVERSITY  
M MATH PHYS TT 2020.

# Mode EXPANSION

CLOSED STRING.

⇒ PERIODIC B.C.

$$S_F = \frac{i}{2\pi} \int d^2\sigma (\dot{\psi}_+ \partial_- \psi_+ + \dot{\psi}_- \partial_+ \psi_-)$$

$$\delta S_F = \int d\tau (\psi_+ \delta \dot{\psi}_+ - \psi_- \delta \dot{\psi}_-) \Big|_{\sigma=0}^{\sigma=l} \otimes \sigma \in [0, l]$$



+ TERMS THAT VANISH ON-SHELL (EOM).

PERIODIC B.C. :  $(\psi_+ \delta \dot{\psi}_+ - \psi_- \delta \dot{\psi}_-) \Big|_{\sigma=0}^{\sigma=l} = 0.$

IMPOSE B.C. ON  $\psi_{\pm}$  THAT ARE COMPATIBLE W/ SPACETIME & WS POINCARÉ INV:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \psi_+(\sigma+l) &= \pm \psi_+(\sigma) \\ \psi_-(\sigma+l) &= \pm \psi_-(\sigma) \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 4 \text{ CHOICES} \\ \text{OF B.C.} \\ + \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ (\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}) \\ (\mathbb{R}, \text{NS}) \\ (\text{NS}, \mathbb{R}) \\ (\text{NS}, \text{NS}) \end{array}$$

$\phi_{\pm} = 0$  RAMOND STRING (R)

$\phi_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}$  NEVEAU-SCHWARZ STRING (NS)

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \mathbb{R} \\ \gamma_2 & \text{NS} \end{cases}$$

~ OSCILLATORS

↓

$$\psi_+^M(\sigma_+) = \sqrt{\frac{2\alpha}{\ell}} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi} \tilde{b}_r^M e^{-\frac{2\pi i r}{\ell}(\sigma_+)}$$

$$\psi_-^M(\sigma_-) = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{\ell}} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi} b_r^M e^{-\frac{2\pi i r}{\ell} \sigma_-}$$

$$\sigma_{\pm} = \tau \pm \sigma$$

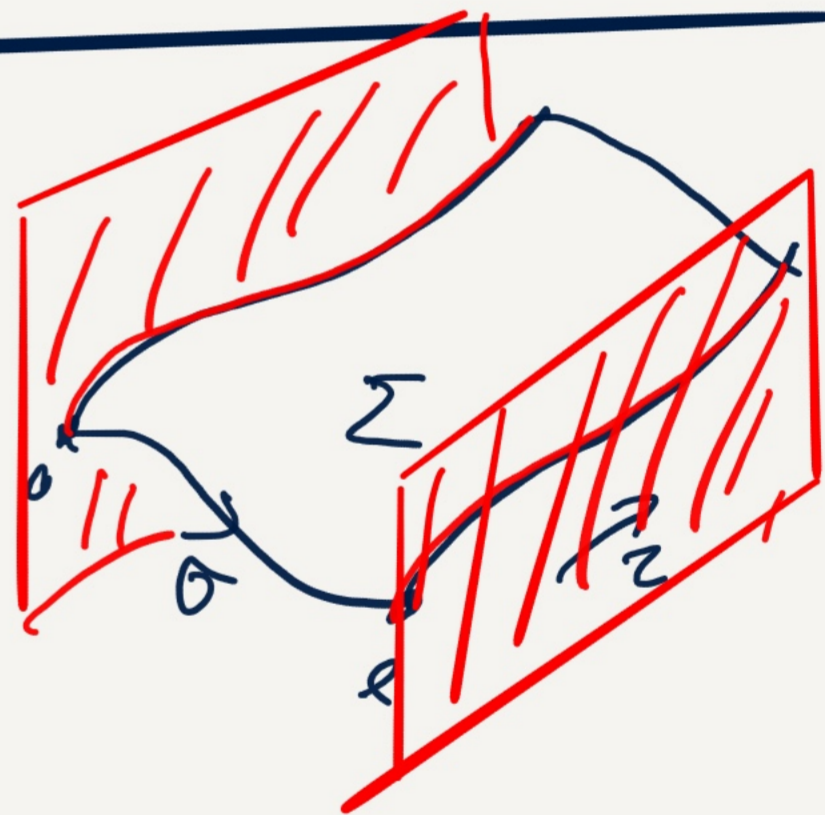
⇒ CLOSED STRING.

OPEN FERMIONIC STRING.

$$\partial \Sigma = \{ \sigma = 0 \} \cup \{ \sigma = \ell \}$$

$$\textcircled{*} : \psi_+^M(\sigma) \Big|_{\substack{\sigma=0 \\ \sigma=\ell}} = \pm \psi_-^M(\sigma) \Big|_{\substack{\sigma=0 \\ \sigma=\ell}}$$

⇒ 4 CHOICES



# NEUMAN & DIRICHLET B.C.

Recap: BOSONIC STRING:  $X^M(\sigma, \tau)$ :

$$\parallel \left. \partial_\sigma X^M \right|_{\substack{\sigma=0 \\ \sigma=l}} = 0$$

(Neuman, Neuman).  
 $\equiv (N, N)$

$\Rightarrow$  FERMIONIC COUNTERPARTS:

$$\parallel \begin{aligned} \psi_+^M(0) &= \psi_-^M(0) \\ \psi_+^M(l) &= \pm \psi_-^M(l) \end{aligned}$$

$\uparrow$   
 $e^{2\pi i \phi}$

$\phi=0$ : RAMOND SECTOR:

$$\psi_{\pm}^M(\sigma_{\pm}) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{l}} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z}} b_r^M e^{-\frac{\pi}{l} i r \sigma_{\pm}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \psi_+ = \psi_- \quad @ \sigma=l$$

$\phi=\frac{1}{2}$ : NS SECTOR:

$$\psi_{\pm}^M(\sigma_{\pm}) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{l}} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2}} b_r^M e^{-\frac{\pi}{l} i r \sigma_{\pm}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \psi_+ = -\psi_- \quad @ \sigma=l.$$

B.C. BREAK SUSY :

$$\partial_\sigma X^\mu \Big|_{\substack{\sigma=0 \\ \&\sigma=2}} = 0 \quad (NN).$$

$$\psi_+^\mu(0) = \psi_-^\mu(0)$$

$$\psi_+^\mu(l) = \pm \psi_-^\mu(l)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\delta\epsilon}$$

$$\epsilon^+(0) \partial_\tau X^\mu(0)$$

$$\stackrel{!}{=} \epsilon^-(0) \partial_- X^\mu(0)$$

$$\searrow \delta\epsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon^+(0) = \epsilon^-(0)$$

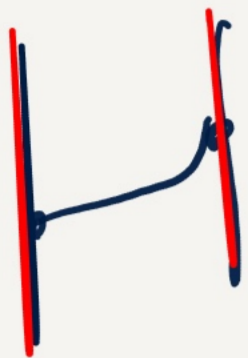
And likewise:

$$\epsilon^+(l) = \pm \epsilon^-(l).$$

$\Rightarrow$  SUSY PARAMETERS  $\epsilon^{\pm}$  ARE RELATED

SO B.C. BREAK SUSY.

# DIRICHLET - DIRICHLET B.C. (DD)



$$\partial_\tau X^M \Big|_{\substack{\sigma=0 \\ \sigma=l}} = 0$$

$$X^M(\tau, \sigma=0) = x_0^M$$

$$X^M(\tau, \sigma=l) = x_1^M$$

$$\Rightarrow X^M(\sigma, \tau) = x_0^M + \frac{1}{l}(x_1^M - x_0^M)\sigma + \sqrt{2\alpha'} \sum_{\substack{n \neq 0 \\ n \in \mathbb{Z}}} \frac{1}{n} \alpha_n^M e^{-i\pi/l n \tau} \sin\left(\frac{\pi n \sigma}{l}\right)$$

FERMIONS:

EITHER USE SUSY

OR

USE T-DUALITY:

$$N \leftrightarrow D$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} X_+(\sigma^+) &\overset{T}{\leftrightarrow} X_+(\sigma^+) \\ X_-(\sigma^-) &\overset{T}{\leftrightarrow} -X_-(\sigma^-) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

BY SUSY:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \psi_-(\sigma^-) &\leftrightarrow -\psi_-(\sigma^-) \\ \psi_+(\sigma^+) &\leftrightarrow \psi_+(\sigma^+) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$\Rightarrow$  (DD)

$$\psi_+^M(0) = -\psi_-^M(0)$$

$$\psi_+^M(l) = \mp \psi_-^M(l) = -e^{2\pi i \phi} \psi_-^M(l)$$

$$\Rightarrow \psi_{\pm}(\sigma_{\pm}) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\alpha'}{2}} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi} b_r^{(\pm)} e^{-\frac{i\pi r \sigma_{\pm}}{\alpha'}} \quad (DD).$$

MODE EXPANSION OF THE EM TENSOR & THE SUPERCURRENT:

$$T_{\pm\pm} = -\frac{1}{\alpha'} \partial_{\pm} X \cdot \partial_{\pm} X - \frac{i}{2} \psi_{\pm} \partial_{\pm} \psi_{\pm}$$

$$J_{\pm} = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{2\alpha'}} \psi_{\pm} \cdot \partial_{\pm} X$$

$\Rightarrow$  MODE EXPANSION FOR THE CLOSED STRING:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \tilde{L}_m \\ L_m \end{array} \right\} = -\frac{\alpha'}{2\pi^2} \int_0^{2\pi} d\sigma \left( e^{\pm i \frac{\pi}{\alpha'} m \sigma} T_{\pm\pm} \right)$$

Virasoro generators.

e.g.  $L_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \alpha_{-n} \cdot \alpha_{n+m} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi} (r + \frac{m}{2}) b_{-r} \cdot b_{m+r}$

MODES FOR  $J_{\pm}$ :

$$G_r^{\pm} = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \alpha_{-n} \cdot b_{r+n} \quad r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi$$

Super generators for SUPER-VIRASORO Algebra.

# CHAPTER 2: QUANTIZATION OF THE RNS STRING

RECAP: BOSONIC STRING CANONICAL QUANTIZATION.

$$\alpha_m^M, \tilde{\alpha}_m^M, x^M, p^M$$

$$\alpha_m^+ = \alpha_{-m}$$

POISSON BRACKET  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{i} [ , ]$ :

$$[x^M, p^N] = i \eta^{MN}$$

$$[\alpha_m^M, \alpha_n^N] = m \delta_{m+n,0} \eta^{MN}$$

$$[\alpha_m^M, \tilde{\alpha}_n^N] = 0$$

NORMAL ORDERING: (N.O.)

$$: \alpha_m^M \alpha_n^N : = \begin{cases} \alpha_m^M \alpha_n^N & m \leq n \\ \alpha_n^N \alpha_m^M & n < m \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow L_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} : \alpha_{m-n} \cdot \alpha_n :$$

$$\tilde{L}_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} : \tilde{\alpha}_{m-n} \cdot \tilde{\alpha}_n :$$

N.O. IMPORTANT FOR  $L_0 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} : \alpha_{-n} \cdot \alpha_n : = \frac{1}{2} \alpha_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \alpha_{-n} \cdot \alpha_n$



$L_0 \rightarrow L_0 - a$  ← N.O. constant. ← CENTRAL CHARGE.

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n) L_{m+n} + \frac{c}{12} m(m^2-1) \delta_{m+n, 0}.$$

EG. FOR  $X^\mu$ :  $\mu = 0 \dots d-1$ :  $c = d$ .

PHYSICAL STATES ARE DETERMINED AS THE SUBSPACE OF THE FOCK SPACE OF  $\alpha_m^\mu, \tilde{\alpha}_n^\nu$  SUBJECT TO

PHYSICAL STATE CONDITIONS:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} L_m |\phi\rangle = \tilde{L}_m |\phi\rangle = 0 \\ (L_0 - a) |\phi\rangle = 0. \end{array} \right. \quad m > 0$$

$|\phi\rangle \in$  FOCK SPACE.

# CANONICAL QUANTIZATION OF THE RNS-STRING

$\psi_{\pm}^{\mu}$  : DIRAC BRACKETS  $\{, \}_{DB} \rightarrow \frac{1}{i} \{, \}$   
 $\pi_{\pm} = \frac{i}{2\pi} \dot{\psi}_{\pm}$  ↑  
anticommutators.

[BLT].

$$\{ \psi_{\pm}^{\mu}(\sigma, \tau), \psi_{\pm}^{\nu}(\sigma', \tau) \} = 2\pi \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta(\sigma - \sigma')$$

$$\{ \psi_{+}, \psi_{-} \} = 0.$$

⇒ MODE EXPANSION:

$$\{ b_r^{\mu}, b_s^{\nu} \} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta_{r+s,0}$$

$$\{ \tilde{b}_r^{\mu}, \tilde{b}_s^{\nu} \} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta_{r+s,0}$$

$$\{ b_r^{\mu}, \tilde{b}_s^{\nu} \} = 0$$

$r, s \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi$   
 $\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & R \\ 1/2 & NS. \end{cases}$

KEY OBSERVATION:  $R: r \in \mathbb{Z}: r=0:$

$$\{ b_0^{\mu}, b_0^{\nu} \} = \eta^{\mu\nu}$$

$\mu =$  SPACE-TIME VECTOR INDICES.

$\{b_0^\mu, b_0^\nu\} = \eta^{\mu\nu}$  IS THE CLIFFORD ALGEBRA OF  $SO(1, d-1)$ !  
 $\eta^{\mu\nu}$ :  $\mathbb{R}^{1, d-1}$  VECTORS.

STARTED w/ WS FERMIONS  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  B.C.  
 $\rightarrow \mathbb{NS}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{QUANTIZE}}$   $\mathbb{R}$  SECTOR: SPACETIME SPINORS AS THE PHYSICAL STATE SPACE!

SUPER-VIRASORO ALGEBRA:  $T_{--}$  &  $J_{--}$  MODES.

o  $L_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} : \alpha_{-n} \cdot \alpha_{m+n} : + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r \in \mathbb{Z} + \phi} (r + \frac{m}{2}) : b_{-r} \cdot b_{m+r} :$

1  $G_r = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \alpha_{-n} \cdot b_{r+n}$

$\Rightarrow [L_m, L_n] = (m-n) L_{m+n} + \frac{c}{12} m(m^2 - 2n) \delta_{m+n, 0}.$

$[L_m, G_r] = (\frac{m}{2} - r) G_{m+r}$

$\{G_r, G_s\} = 2 L_{r+s} + \frac{c}{12} (4r^2 - 2\phi) \delta_{r+s, 0}.$

SUPER-VIRASORO ALGEBRA:  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -GRADED ALGEBRA.

$$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g}^{(0)} \oplus \mathfrak{g}^{(1)} \quad \mathfrak{g}^{(i)} \quad i \equiv \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-grading.}$$

$$[\mathfrak{g}^{(i)}, \mathfrak{g}^{(j)}] \subseteq \mathfrak{g}^{i+j \pmod{2}}$$

$[\cdot, \cdot] \hat{=}$  COMMUTATOR EXCEPT FOR  $[\mathfrak{g}^{(1)}, \mathfrak{g}^{(1)}] \hat{=} \{\mathfrak{g}^{(0)}, \mathfrak{g}^{(1)}\}$ .

- $C =$  CENTRAL CHARGE FETS CONTRIBUTIONS FROM  
 BOSONS:  $\Delta C = 1$   
 FERMION:  $\Delta C = 1/2$ .  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} C = \frac{3}{2}d$   $d = \text{dim of spacetime.}$

- $\phi$  IN THE ALGEBRA CAN BE SHIFTED AWAY:  
 $L_0^R \rightarrow \left( L_0^R + \frac{d}{16} \right) \Rightarrow \phi = \frac{1}{2}$  FOR BOTH SECTORS  
 $\uparrow$   
 $R$ -SECTOR.

PHYSICAL STATE CONDITIONS: (BSC) SUPER-VIR CONSTRAINTS

Fock:  $\mathcal{F} = \left\{ \prod \alpha_{-m_i}^{r_i} b_{-r_1}^{v_1} \dots b_{-r_I}^{v_I} |0\rangle \right\}$ .

NOTE:  $b_r^2 = 0$ .

Vacuum:  $b_r |0\rangle = \alpha_m |0\rangle = 0 \quad r > 0, m > 0$

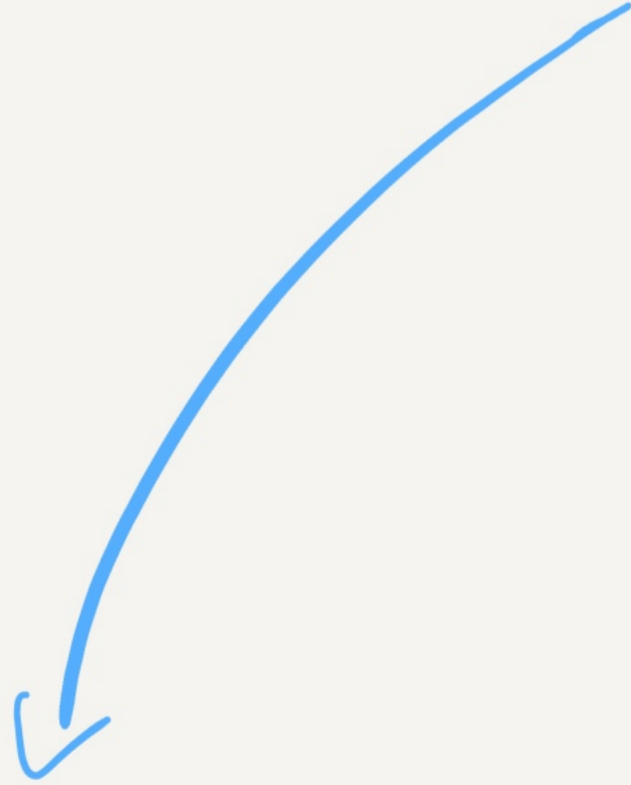
PSC:

$(L_0 - a_r) |\phi\rangle = 0$

$L_m |\phi\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$

$G_r |\psi\rangle = 0 \quad r > 0$

(sim. for  $\tilde{L}_m, \tilde{G}_r$ ).



N.O. : BOSONIC STRING:  $\zeta(-1) = -\frac{1}{12} \quad a = \frac{1}{24}$ .

N.O. RAMOND SECTOR:

$$L_0^{(R)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} r b_{-r} b_r + \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\sum_{r=-\infty}^{-1} r b_r b_r}_{= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} -r b_r \cdot b_r}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow{\{b_r, b_{-r}\} = +1} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} r b_{-r} \cdot b_r - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \sum r}_{= -a_R} \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} r b_{-r} \cdot b_r - \frac{1}{2} \sum r \end{aligned}$$

SAME SUM AS IN BOSONIC STRINGS

$$a_R = -\frac{1}{24}$$

NS SECTOR:  $\frac{1}{2}$  - INTEGER:

$$\begin{aligned} a_{NS} &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \zeta(-1, \frac{1}{2}) \Big|_{\eta = \frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{48} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{NS} = \frac{1}{48}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow a^B + a_R &= 0 \\ a^B + a_{NS}^F &= \frac{1}{16} \end{aligned}$$