

STRING THEORY

II

LECTURE VIII

OXFORD UNIVERSITY
MATH PHIS TT 2020

D-BRANES:

SPACETIME:

C_p FORMS IN THE RR-SECTOR OF THE TYPE II STRINGS:

IIA

C_{2p+1}

IIB

C_{2p+2}

COUPLE TO $D2p$ & $D(2p-1)$ BRANES WHICH ARE EXTENDED MEMBRANES OF DIM $2p+1$ & $2p+2$, RESPECTIVELY.

EFFECTIVE ACTION:

$$S_{\text{DBI}} = \boxed{T_p} \int_{W_{p+1}} d^{p+1} \gamma e^{-\Phi} \sqrt{\det(G + B + 2\alpha' F)}$$

\uparrow D_p -BRANE TENSION

\uparrow \uparrow PULLBACK FROM 10D TO W_{p+1} OF METRIC & B-FIELD.

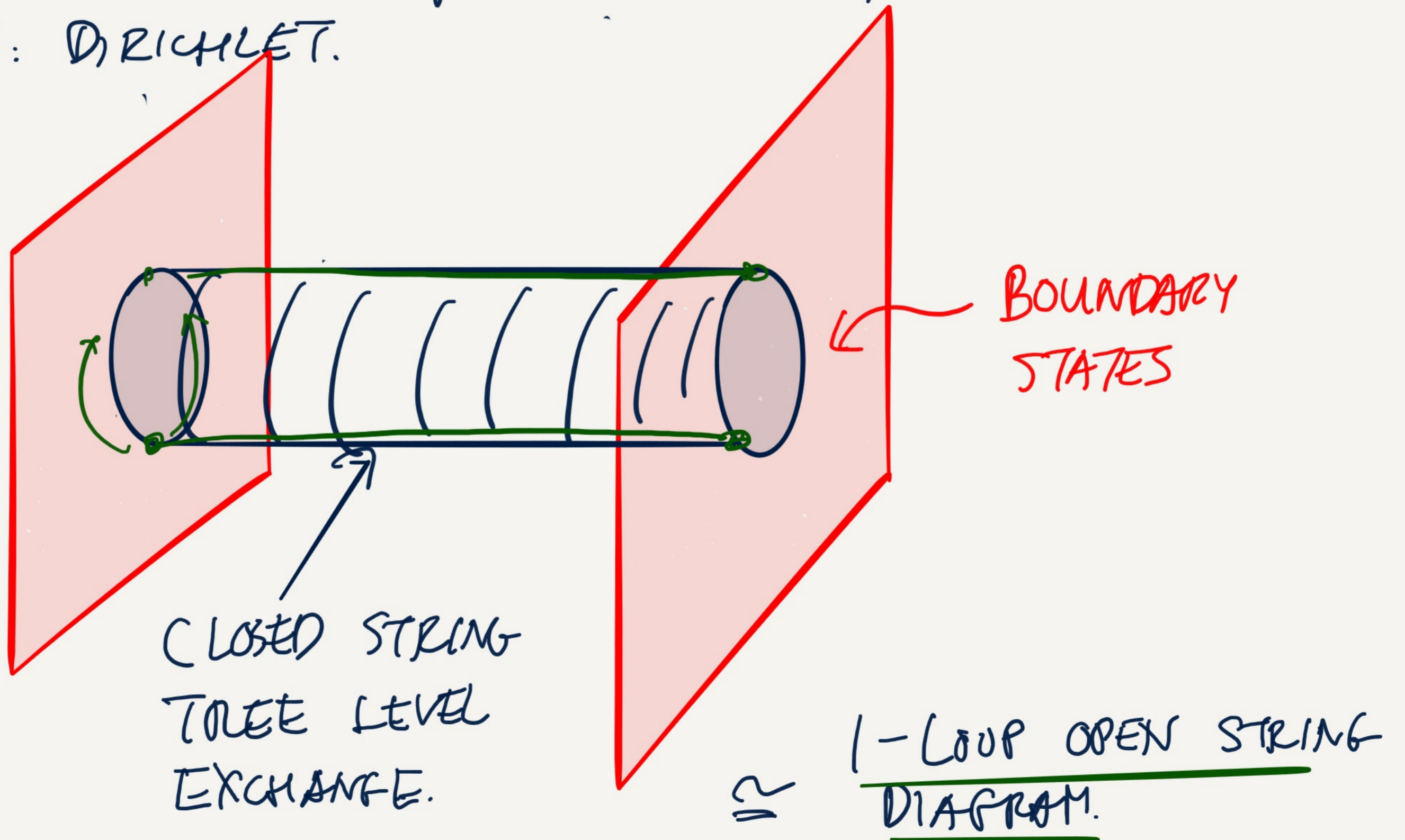
\uparrow U(1) GAUGE FIELD.

$$S_{C_{p+1}} = \boxed{M_p} \int_{W_{p+1}} C_{p+1}$$

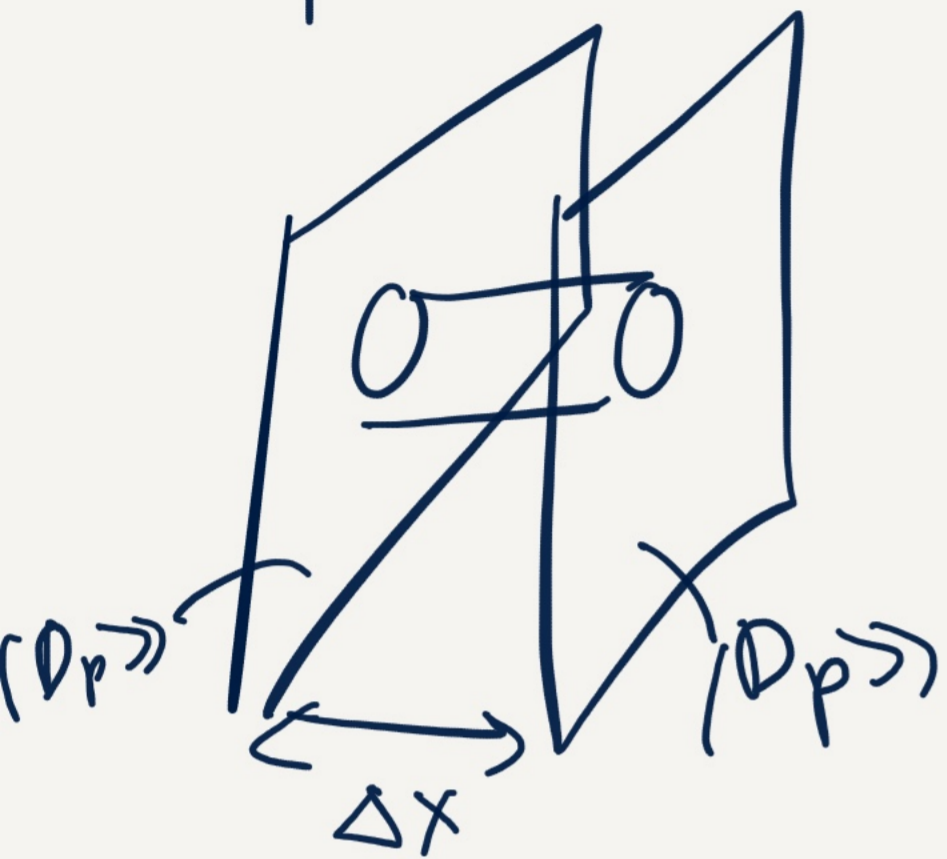
CHARGE UNDER RR-FORM FIELD.

LAST LECTURE WE ARRIVED AT THE SAME CONCLUSION THAT
 IN TYPE B / A \exists BOUNDARY CONDITIONS COMPATIBLE
 W/ SUPER-VIRASORO SYMMETRY & GSO-PROJECTION
 WHICH HAVE $|D\rangle\rangle$ $p = 2k+1$ $\mathbb{I}B$
 $p = 2k$ $\mathbb{I}A$.

NEUMANN BC. ALONG $p+1$ SUBSPACE, & THE REMAINING
 DIRECTIONS: DIRICHLET.



FROM THIS CLOSED STRING TREE DIAGRAM WE COMPUTE THE COUPLING OF THE D-BRANES / BOUNDARY STATES TO WORLD SHEET POINT OF VIEW $G_{\mu\nu}$ & Φ :



$$\mathcal{A} = \int_0^\infty dl \langle \langle D_p | e^{-2\pi l H} | D_p \rangle \rangle$$

WE CAN EVALUATE THIS (LIKE IN PSZ), & EXTRACT THE EXCHANGE OF LIGHT-CLOSED STRING STATES BY TAKING l large:

$$\mathcal{A} = \underbrace{\frac{\pi}{8} (\pi^2 4\alpha')^{3-p}}_G V_{p+1} \underbrace{(16 - 16)}_{B \quad F} \frac{1}{\pi \alpha'} G_{q-p}(\Delta x_0) \dots$$

$G = \text{SCALAR GREEN'S FUN.}$

\Rightarrow PREFACTOR DETERMINES COUPLING TO THE $G_{\mu\nu}$ & Φ .

FROM SPACETIME POINT OF VIEW:

G, Φ COUPLING IS SET BY THE DBI ACTION

COMPARING THESE IDENTIFIES THE TENSION
OF D_p -BRANE AS:

$$T_p = \frac{2\pi}{g_s (\alpha')^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}$$

$g_s =$ string
coupling.

[Polchinski I & II].

LIKEWISE: COMPUTE THE RR-CHARGE
POLCHINSKI HEP-TH/9510017:

$$\Rightarrow \mu_p = T_p$$

$\Rightarrow T \sim \frac{1}{g_s}$ KEY PROPERTY OF D-BRANES.

FOR OTHER MEMBRANES (SOLITONIC OBJECTS)

$$T \sim \frac{1}{g_s^2}$$

e.g. NS5-BRANE (6D MEMBRANE)
COUPLES TO B_2 MAGNETICALLY.

CHARGE QUANTIZATION ^{4d}

"RECAP" FOR MAXWELL THEORY: ^{4d} U(1) GAUGE FIELD A

F = dA MAXWELL EQ: VACUUM:

$$dF = 0$$

$$d \star F = 0$$

WE INTRODUCE SOURCES: ELECTRIC & MAGNETIC

$$dF = \star j_m$$

$$d \star F = \star j_e$$

$$j = 1\text{-FORM} \\ = j_\mu dx^\mu$$

$$\star_{4d} j = 3\text{-FORM.}$$

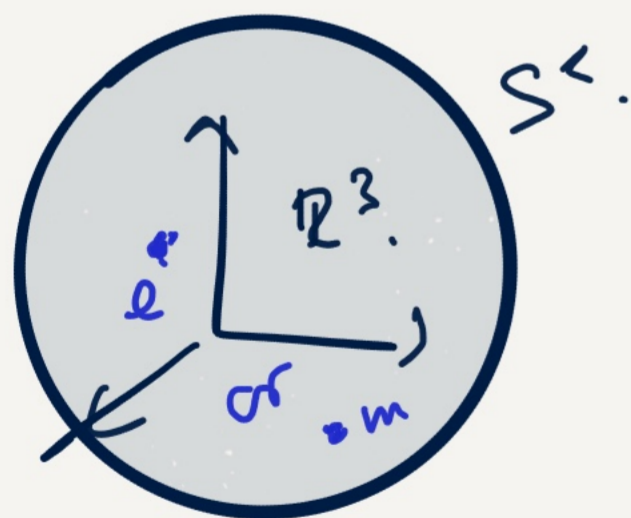
$$j = (\rho, \vec{j})$$

↑ CHARGE DENSITY FOR EITHER ELECTRIC / MAGNETIC.

$$j_i = \mu_i \delta^3(\underline{x})$$

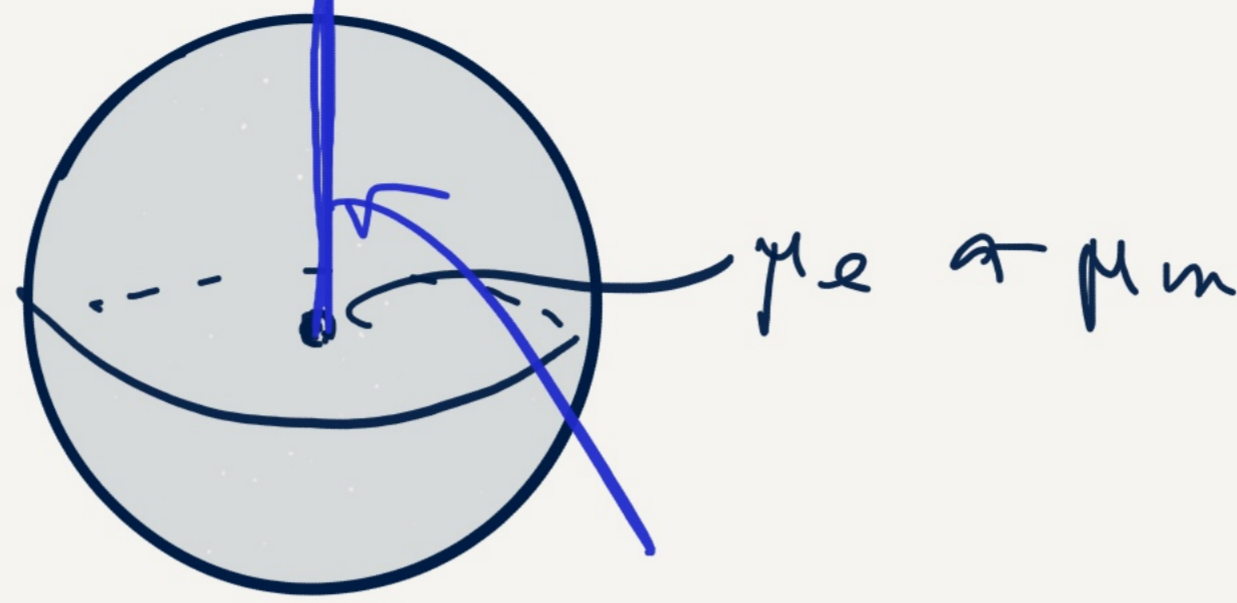
$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^3} \rho_e = \int_{S^2} \star F = \mu_e$$

$$\int \rho_m = \int_{S^2} F = \mu_m.$$



$$\partial \mathbb{R}^3 = S^2 \\ @ \infty.$$

LOCALLY WE CAN WRITE $F = dA$ EXCEPT WHEN THERE IS A CHARGE DENSITY,



DIRAC STRING

WE CANNOT DO SO GLOBALLY: $F = dA$ EVERYWHERE EXCEPT ALONG THE DIRAC STRING,

THAT EXTENDS FROM THE CHARGE TO INFINITY.

IDEA: WE NEED TO ENSURE THAT THE WAVEFUNCTION (ψ) OF e IS WELL-DEFINED IN THE PRESENCE OF A MAGNETIC CHARGE m (MONOPOLE).

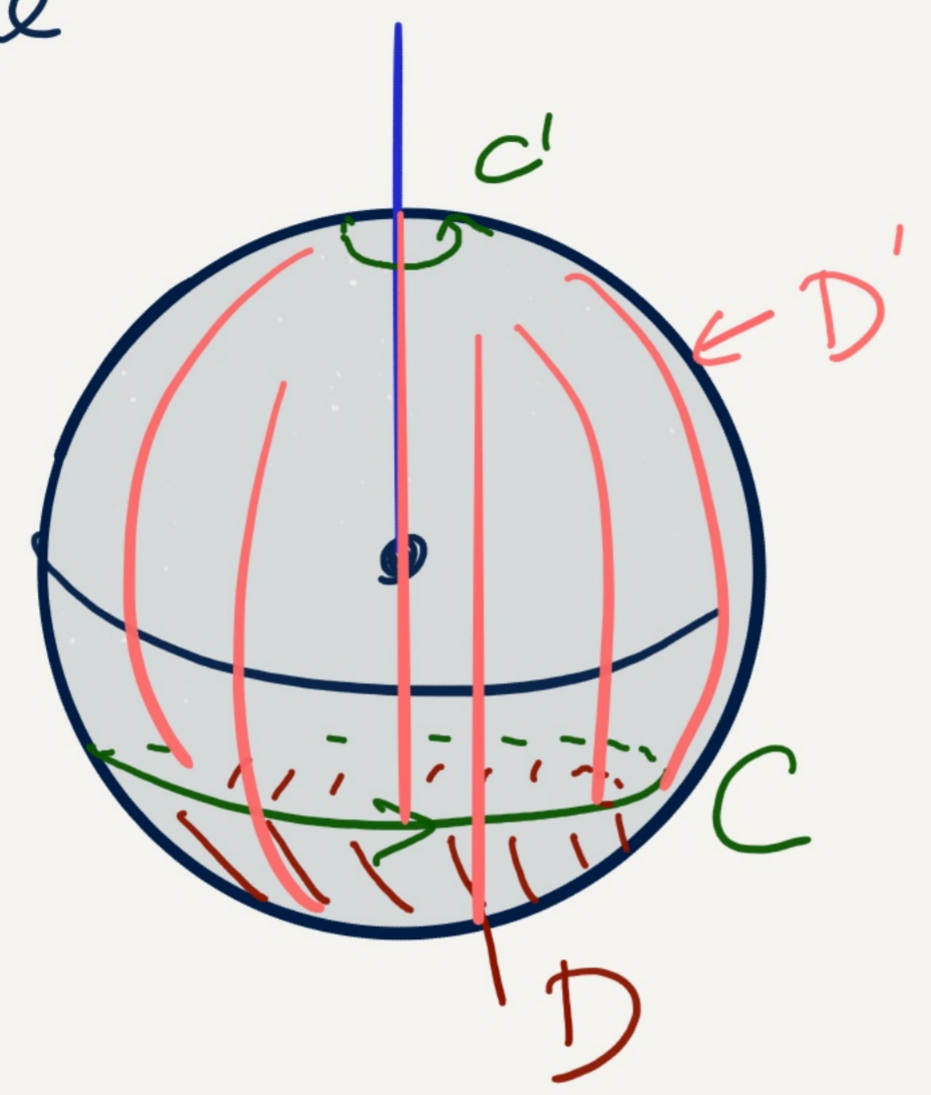
$$\psi(x) = e^{i \mu_e \int_C A} \psi_0(x) \quad \text{WV of } e.$$

PHASE ALONG A

PATH C : C closed THIS SHOULD BE TRIVIAL.

$C = \text{CLOSED PATH}$

$$1 = e^{i\mu_e \oint_C A} = e^{i\mu_e \int_D F} = e^{i\mu_e \mu_m}$$



$\partial D = C$
DISC

$C \rightarrow C'$
 $D \rightarrow S^2$

$\Rightarrow \mu_e \mu_m \in 2\pi \mathbb{Z}$

DIRAC CHARGE
QUANTIZATION.

APPLY TO D-BRANES & RR-CHARGE QUANTIZATION:

D_p

COUPLES TO C_{p+1} FORM

$$F_{p+2} = d C_{p+1} \xrightarrow[\text{DUAL}]{*} F_{8-p} = d C_{7-p}$$

$D(6-p)$

$\Rightarrow D_p$ ELECTRIC & $D(6-p)$ IS MAGNETIC
WRT C_{p+1} FORM.

REPEATING THE SAME ARGUMENTS IN MAXWELL CASE:

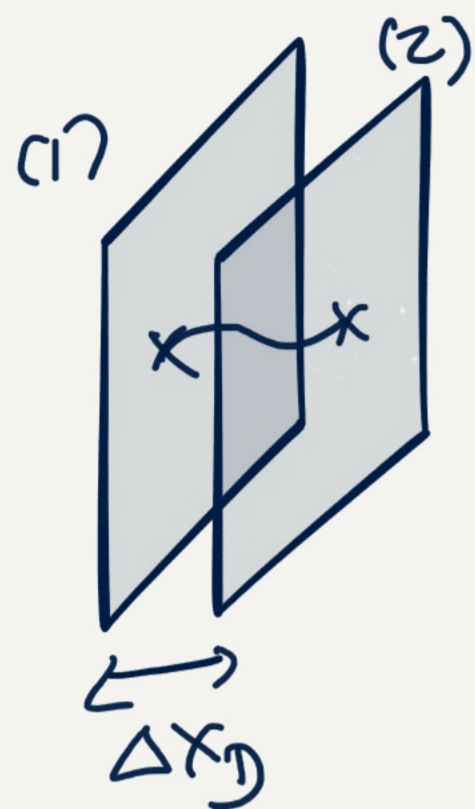
$$\int_{S^{p+2}} F_{p+2} = M_{6-p}$$

$$\Rightarrow (M_{6-p} \cdot M_p) \in 2\pi \mathbb{Z}$$

CHARGE QUANTIZATION FOR D-BRANE CHARGES.

OPEN STRINGS ON MULTIPLE D-BRANES

SPECTRUM OF (NEUMANN, NEUMANN) OPEN STRINGS (LECTURE 2)



MASS OF (D, D) STRING: ↙ DISTANCE BETWEEN D-BRANES.

$$\alpha' M^2 = N^x + N^y + \frac{(\Delta x_D)^2}{4\pi^2 \alpha'} + a$$

LOWEST STATES ARE

MASSIVE: $Mass^2 \sim (\Delta x_D)^2 = \sum_{i \in (D,D) \text{ Direction}} (x_{(1)}^i - x_{(2)}^i)^2$

$\Delta x_D \rightarrow 0$: EXTRA LIGHT STATES.

N COINCIDENT D-BRANES: $\Delta x_D^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow 0$

N^2 MASSLESS STATES.

$\Rightarrow U(N)$ ADJOINT REPRESENTATION.

$$\lambda^a_{\alpha\beta} \quad \begin{array}{l} a = 1 \dots N^2 \\ \alpha, \beta = 1 \dots N. \end{array}$$

\Rightarrow GROUND STATE: $\text{Adj}(U(N)).$ $\lambda^a_{\alpha\beta} |0; \alpha\beta\rangle_{NS}$



NEXT LEVEL OF STATES: IN NS-SECTOR

$$J_i; b_{-\frac{1}{2}}^i |a\rangle_{NS}$$

$i = D \ominus$ Directions.
($0, \dots, p$).

$U(N)$ Adjoint \otimes VECTOR IN $SO(1, p)$

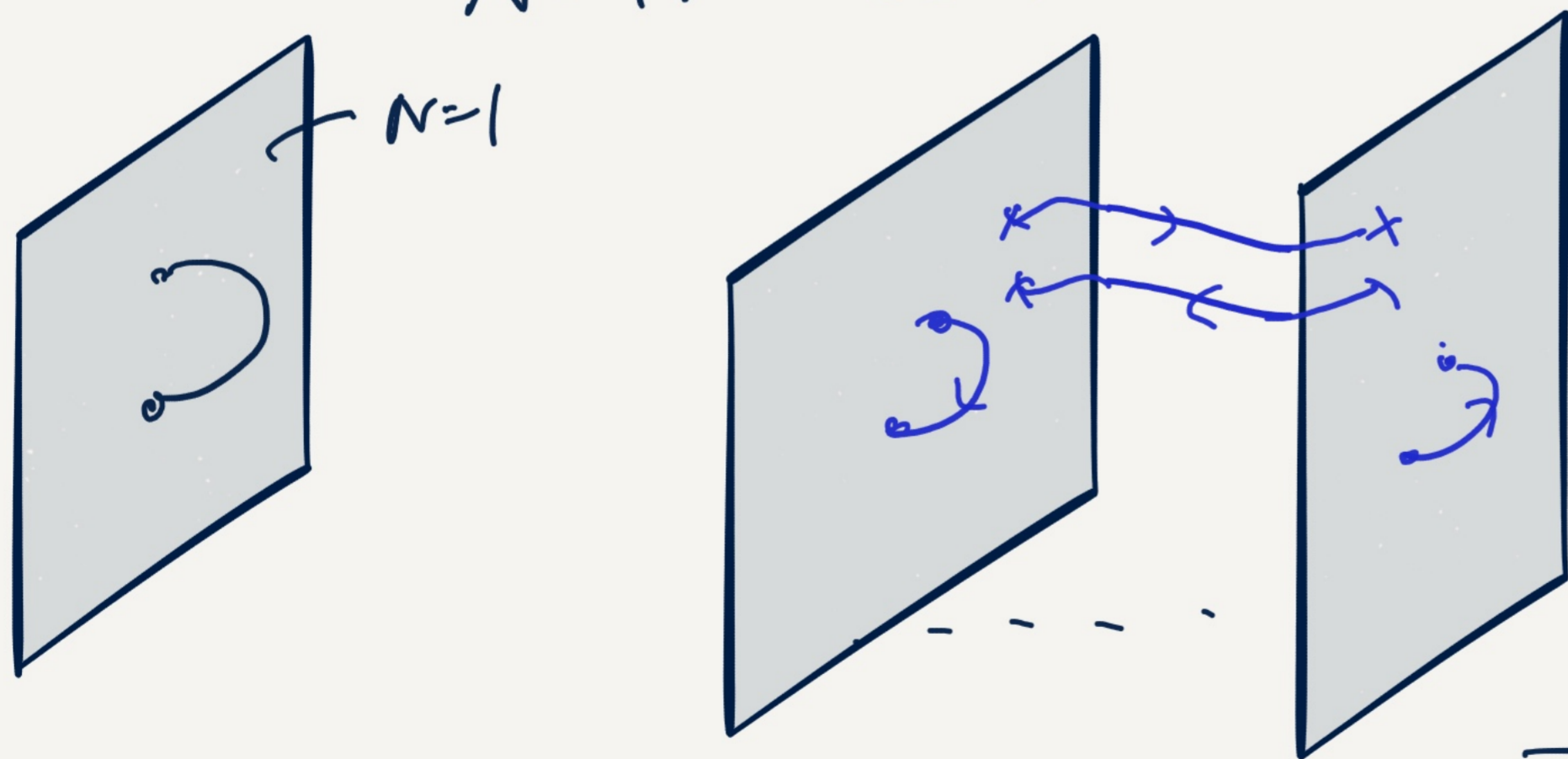
$\Rightarrow U(N)$ GAUGE BOSON.

AFTER GSO PROJECTION (REMOVE VACUUM):

MASSLESS STATES ON A STACK OF N D-BRANES

IS A $U(N)$ GAUGE FIELD.

$N=1$: $U(1)$ " " \cong F APPEARING
IN THE S_{DBI} .



R-SECTOR:

$$|a\rangle_R = \sum_{\alpha, \beta=1}^N \lambda_{\alpha\beta}^a |0; \alpha\beta\rangle$$

R-SECTOR
GROUND STATE.

\Rightarrow GAUGINGS.

\Rightarrow EFFECTIVE THEORY ON N COINCIDENT D_p : $(p+1) \dim U(N)$
SUPER YM.

$N D_p$ -BRANES: SUPER-YANG MILLS TH. IN $p+1$ DIM.
(MAX SUSY) W/ GAUGE GROUP $U(N)$.

FAMOUS EX: $N D_3$ -BRANES: 4d $N=4$ (MAX SUSY)
SUPER YANG MILLS W/
 $U(N)$ gauge group.

~ NO STARTING POINT OF AdS/CFT CORRESPONDENCE.

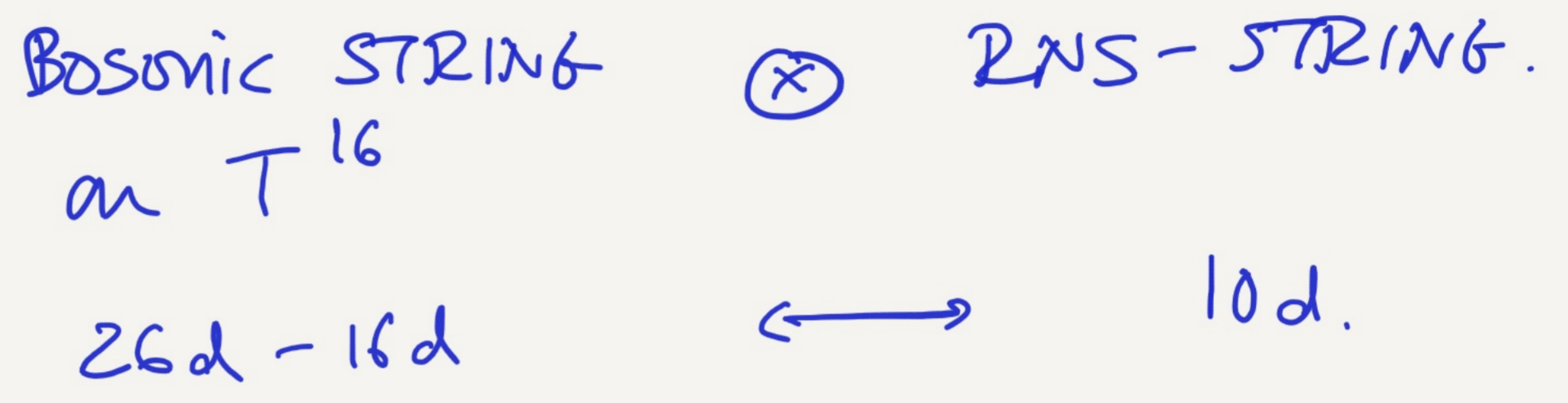
- EFFECTIVE ACTION CAN BE DERIVED AGAIN
FROM STRING AMPLITUDES.

- OTHER GAUGE GROUPS: • ORIENTIFOLDS ($Z \leftrightarrow \bar{Z}$)
 $SO(N)$, $Sp(N)$
• NON-PERTURBATIVE CONSTRUCTIONS
"IIB" (F-THEORY)
 E_6, E_7, E_8 GAUGE GROUPS.

NEXT LECTURE: \exists ALTERNATIVE WAY TO GET GAUGE THEORIES

W/O D-BRANES: HETEROTIC STRING.

NEXT TIME WE WILL PREPARE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE HETEROTIC STRING BY DISCUSSING COMPACTIFICATIONS ON TORI.



HET STRING IS THE FINAL MISSING PIECE IN THE LANDSCAPE OF 10D SUPERSTRINGS.