

A2: Metric Spaces and Complex Analysis

Sheet 3 (Metric Spaces, Chapters 7–9) — MT20

1. Let $X = C[0, 1]$, with the usual distance coming from the $\|\cdot\|_\infty$ -norm. Is X connected?
2. Let $A \subseteq \mathbf{R}^2$ be the set of all points with at least one rational coordinate. Is A connected? What if the points with *both* coordinates rational are removed from A ?
3. Show that there is no continuous injective map $f : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$. [*Hint: consider the restriction of f to $\mathbf{R}^2 \setminus \{a\}$, for a suitable point a*]
4. Let X be a metric space and $A_1, A_2, \dots$ an infinite collection of subsets of X . For each of the following statements, give a proof or counterexample.
 - (i) If $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k$ are sequentially compact then so is $A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_k$.
 - (ii) If $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k$ are connected then $A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_k$ is connected.
 - (iii) If $A_1, A_2, \dots$ are sequentially compact then $\bigcup_{k \geq 1} A_k$ is sequentially compact.
 - (iv) If $A_1, A_2, \dots$ are connected and $A_j \cap A_{j+1} \neq \emptyset$ then $\bigcup_{k \geq 1} A_k$ is connected.
5. Show that $\mathbf{Z}$ with the 2-adic metric is not connected.
6. Suppose that X is connected and that $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is *locally constant*, meaning that every $x \in X$ lies in some open set U on which f is constant. Show that f is constant.
7. Is there a metric on $\mathbf{N}$ which makes it connected?
8. Let $(V, \|\cdot\|)$ be a normed vector space whose unit sphere $S = \{v \in V : \|v\| = 1\}$ is sequentially compact. Show that any closed ball $B = \{v \in V : \|v\| \leq R\}$ is sequentially compact. Show that V is complete.
9. Let X be a subset of $\mathbf{R}^n$ such that every continuous function $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is bounded. Show that X is sequentially compact.
10. Let $\|\cdot\|$ be an arbitrary norm on $\mathbf{R}^n$. Show that there is some constant C such that $\|v\| \leq C\|v\|_1$ for all $v \in \mathbf{R}^n$. Using this, show that there is some constant $c > 0$ such that $\|v\| \geq c\|v\|_1$ for all $v \in \mathbf{R}^n$. [*Hint. Consider $\|\cdot\| : \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ as a function on the normed space $\mathbf{R}^n$ with the $\|\cdot\|_1$ -norm.*]
11. Write down an infinite compact subset of $\mathbf{Q}$ and prove that it is compact directly from the open cover definition of compactness.
12. Consider the space Ω of all sequences $\mathbf{x} = (x_n)_{n=1}^\infty$ with $x_n \in [0, 1]$ for all n , together with the metric $d(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty 2^{-k}|x_k - y_k|$. Show that Ω is sequentially compact. [*Hint. You might wish to use a diagonal argument.*]