

## Problem Sheet 1

**1.** Define the Euler characteristic of a surface with a subdivision. By choosing a suitable subdivision show that the Euler characteristic of a torus is zero.

An engineer constructs a vessel in the shape of a torus from a finite number of steel plates. Each plate is in the form of a not necessarily regular curvilinear polygon with  $n$  edges. The plates are welded together along the edges so that at each vertex  $n$  distinct plates are joined together, and no plate is welded to itself. What is the number  $n$ ? Justify your answer.

[You may assume that the Euler characteristic is independent of the choice of subdivision of the surface.]

**2.** (*The Thomsen graph or the Three Amenities Problem.*)

Let  $H_1, H_2, H_3, G, W, E$  be six points on a sphere. Show that it is not possible to join each of  $H_1, H_2, H_3$  to each of  $G, W, E$  by curves intersecting only at their end points (nine curves in all).

[You may assume that such a configuration of curves would give a subdivision of the sphere.]

By drawing a diagram show that such a construction is possible on the projective plane. Decide whether it is possible on the torus or the Klein bottle.

**3.** Use the formula for the Euler characteristic to show that there are no more than five Platonic solids.

(A Platonic solid is a convex polyhedron with congruent faces consisting of regular polygons and the same number of faces meet at each vertex.)

What are the possibilities for subdividing a torus into polygons each with  $n$  sides, and such that  $k$  edges meet at each vertex?

**4(i)** Calculate the Euler characteristic of the surface given in planar form by  $a_1 a_2 a_3^{-1} a_4 a_5 a_2^{-1} a_1^{-1} a_4^{-1} a_3 a_5$ . Show that the surface contains a Möbius band.

**(ii)** By looking for  $xyx^{-1}y^{-1}$  terms (or using the classification of surfaces) show that the surface described by  $b_1 a_2 b_3 a_3^{-1} b_3^{-1} a_3 a_2^{-1} a_1^{-1} b_1^{-1} a_1$  is homeomorphic to  $T \# T$ .

**5.** Suppose  $Z$  is a compact, connected surface with  $\chi(Z) = n$ . Compute the number of isomorphism classes of ordered pairs  $(X, Y)$  of compact, connected surfaces  $X, Y$  with  $X \# Y \cong Z$ , in the cases when

(i)  $Z$  is orientable;

(ii)  $Z$  is not orientable.