

Data : volatility curve obtained by linear interpolation of variance

Inputs :

$(t_m)_{m=1, \dots, M}$: maturities

$(\sigma_m)_{m=1, \dots, M}$: volatilities

t_0 : initial time

Output : volatility on $[t_0, t_M]$
obtained by linear interpolation
of variance curve.

Domain : $[t_0, t_M]$

Algorithm :

Step 1 : arguments & values

$$\overline{x} = (t_0, t_1, \dots, t_M)$$

$$\bar{y} = (0, y_1, \dots, y_M)$$

$$y_m = (t_m - t_0) \sigma_m^2, \quad m = 1, \dots, M$$

Step 2 : linear interpolation

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) \Rightarrow V(t), \quad t \in [t_0, t_M]$$

Step 3 :

$$\text{If } t < t_0 + \varepsilon \quad \varepsilon \approx 10^{-8}, \text{ then}$$

$$t = t_0 + \varepsilon$$

$$\sigma(t) = \sqrt{V(t) / (t - t_0)}, \quad t \in (t_1, t_M]$$

return $(\sigma(t))_{t \in [t_0, T]}$



Asset Standard : compound call on american put

Inputs

T : maturity of call

C : strike of call

$(t_m)_{m=1, \dots, M}$: exercise times of put

P : strike of put

t_0 : initial time

Event times : $\{t_0, T, t_1, \dots, t_M\}$

Algorithm :

① Boundary condition

$$X_{t_M} = 0$$

② Loop $\begin{matrix} \text{end} \end{matrix} \leftarrow T \quad \begin{matrix} \text{begin} \end{matrix} \leftarrow t_M$

$$X_{t_m} (?) \leftarrow X_{t_{m+1}} (\text{known})$$

$X_{t_{m+1}}$: value to continue (no exercises $\leq t_{m+1}$)

$$X_{t_{m+1}} = \max \left(\begin{array}{c} X_{t_{m+1}} \\ (\leq t_m) \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} P - S_{t_{m+1}} \\ (\leq t_{m+1}) \end{array} \right)$$

$$X_{t_m} = R_{t_m} \left(\begin{array}{c} X_{t_{m+1}} \\ (\leq t_m) \end{array} \right)$$

③ After loop

$$X_T = \max \left(\begin{array}{c} X_T - C \\ (\text{call}) \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ (\text{put}) \end{array} \right)$$

$$X_{t_0} = R_{t_0} (X_T)$$

return X_{t_0}



Interest Rate Standard :

callable capped floater

Inputs:

N : notional

C : cap rate

δt : interval between payments

M : # of payments

δh : spread over LIBOR

t_0 : initial time

Event times: $\{t_0, t_1, \dots, t_{M-1}\}$

$$t_m = t_0 + m \delta t, \quad m = 1, \dots, M-1$$

① Boundary condition

$$X_{t_{M-1}} = B(t_{M-1}, t_{M-1} + \delta t) * N \\ + \text{Value Next Coupon } (t_{M-1}) \\ \text{below}$$

② loop $t_0 \leftarrow t_{M-1}$
 end begin

$$X_{t_m} (?) \leftarrow X_{t_{m+1}} (\text{known})$$

$X_{t_{m+1}}$: value to continue

$$X_{t_{m+1}} = \min (X_{t_{m+1}}, N)$$

$$X_{t_m} = R_{t_m} (X_{t_{m+1}})$$

$$X_{t_m} += \text{Value Next Coupon} (t_m)$$

$$\text{Value Next Coupon} (t_m) = N *$$

$$B(t_m, t_m + \delta t) \min \left((h(t_m, t_m + \delta t) + \delta h) \delta t, C \delta t \right) = N *$$

$$\min \left(1 + B(t_m, t_m + \delta t) (\delta h \delta t - 1), \right. \\ \left. B(t_m, t_m + \delta t) C \delta t \right)$$

③ After loop

return X_{t_0}



Interest Rate Path Dependent:

index amortizing swap

Inputs:

N : notional

R : fixed rate

δt : period between payments

M : # of payments

$b_{\text{Pay Float}}$: side of swap

$f = f(r)$, $r \in (0, 1)$: amortizing function for the notional

q : threshold for the cleanup call

Event times: $\underbrace{t_0, t_1, \dots, t_{M-1}}_{\text{when next payment is computed}}$

Path-dependent state process:

Y_{t_m} : notional for next payment

(a) Origin :

$$Y_{t_0} = 1$$

(b) Reset indices : $\{1, \dots, M-1\}$

(c) One-step evolution :

$$Y_{t_m} \text{ (known)} \longrightarrow Y_{t_{m+1}} (?)$$

$$Y_{t_{m+1}} = Y_{t_m} f(r_{t_{m+1}})$$

$$r_{t_{m+1}} = \left(\frac{1}{B(t_{m+1}, t_{m+1} + \delta t)} - 1 \right) / \delta t$$

discount factor

Algorithm :

① Boundary condition

$$X_{t_{M-1}} = \text{Value Next Payment } (t_{M-1})$$

)
see below

② loop $t_0 \leftarrow t_{M-1}$
 end begin

$$X_{t_m} (?) \leftarrow X_{t_{m+1}} (\text{known})$$

// $X_{t_{m+1}}$: value to continue (notional is above threshold).

// We multiply on notional at the end.

// We pay fixed and receive float.

$$X_{t_{m+1}} * = 1 \{ Y_{t_{m+1}} \geq q \}$$

$$X_{t_m} = R_{t_m} (X_{t_{m+1}})$$

$$X_{t_m} + = \text{Value Next Payment } (t_m)$$

where

$$\text{Value Next Payment } (t_m) = Y_{t_m} (1 - B(t_m, t_m + \delta t) (1 + R \delta t))$$

③ After loop.

If b Pay Float = false, then

$$X_{t_0}^* = -1$$

$$X_{t_0}^* = \sqrt{N}$$

return X_{t_0}

