## Exercises for Practical #0

In this practical you will start to play with vectors and matrices.

- 1. Create a numpy array which contains the current date in the form [DD, MM, YY].
- 2. Create a numpy array of integers from 1 to 100. For the vector you've just created, compute the:
  - (a) Mininum
  - (b) Maximum
  - (c) Average
  - (d) Standard deviation
- 3. Construct a numpy array of the first ten powers of 2. What is their sum? What is their average? (Hint: help(np.logspace))
- 4. Multiply the 4<sup>th</sup> entry of the vector above by 10, and delete entries 5–8. What is the vector's average now?
- 5. Compute the 2 norm of  $A = [1 \ 2 \ 3; \ 4 \ 5 \ 6; \ 7 \ 8 \ 9];$
- 6. Compute the 2 norm of [1 2 ... 100; ... ; 901 902 ... 1000];
- 7. What is the second entry in the solution of (A + I)@x = [1; 2; 3], where A is the  $3 \times 3$  matrix from exercise 5?
- 8. What is the second entry in the solution of (B + I)@x = [1; 2; 3], where B is obtained from A by reversing the first row?
- 9. Construct a random vector of size 26 where each entry is a random character from the English alphabet. How many unique letters did you get? (Hint: Look at string.ascii\_lowercase, np.random.choice, and np.unique)
- 10. On a single figure, plot  $\sin(x)$ ,  $\sin(x^2)$ , and  $\sin(x) + \sin(x^2)$  against x on the interval [0, 10] in different colors and linestyles (see help(plt.plot)). Add a title, legends, and a grid to your figure.
- 11. Plot a semi-log plot of  $\exp(-x^2)$  on the interval [0,5].
- 12. (Advanced) Plot the eigenvalues of a random  $10 \times 10$  matrix. On a subplot, plot the eigenvectors. (Hint: check out eig.)