

(6)

3.
$$h_t = \frac{1}{3} (h^3 h_{tt})'' \quad , \quad \int h dx = 1$$

Similarity solution $h = \frac{1}{t^\alpha} f\left(\frac{x}{\mu t^\alpha}\right)$

write $\eta = \frac{x}{\mu t^\alpha}$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{\alpha}{t^{1+\alpha}} f - \frac{\alpha}{t^{1+\alpha}} \eta f' = \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{t^{4\alpha}} \frac{1}{\mu^2 t^{2\alpha}} (f^4)''$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mu h d\eta = 1$$

Choose $1+\alpha = 6\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{5}$

then $-\frac{1}{5} (\eta f)' = \frac{1}{12 \mu^2} (f^4)''$

$$\Rightarrow (f^4)' = -\frac{12 \mu^2}{5} \eta f$$

$$\frac{(f^4)'}{(f^4)^{3/4}} = -\frac{12 \mu^2}{5} \eta$$

$$\frac{4}{3} (f^4)^{3/4} = -\frac{6 \mu^2}{5} (\eta^2 - \eta_0^2)$$

where $f=0$ at $\eta = \eta_0$
($f \geq 0$ for $\eta > \eta_0$)

$$f = \left[\frac{9}{10} \mu^2 (\eta_0^2 - \eta^2) \right]^{1/3}$$

Select μ as convenient, e.g. s.t. $\eta_0 = 1$

then $f = \left[\frac{9}{10} \mu^2 (1 - \eta^2) \right]^{1/3}$

and $\int_0^1 \mu \left[\frac{9}{10} \mu^2 (1 - \eta^2) \right]^{1/3} d\eta = 1 \Rightarrow \mu = \frac{1}{\left[\int_0^1 \left[\frac{9}{10} (1 - \eta^2) \right]^{1/3} d\eta \right]^{3/5}}$