## Modular Forms

## Problem Sheet 2

## HT 2018

- 1. For any  $\Gamma \leq SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$  of finite index show that the modular curve  $X_{\Gamma}$  has only finitely many cusps. Show that the width of each cusp is finite.
- 2. Compute the indices  $[SL_2(\mathbb{Z}):\Gamma_1(N)]$  and  $[SL_2(\mathbb{Z}):\Gamma_0(N)]$ , and thus also  $[PSL_2(\mathbb{Z}):\overline{\Gamma_1(N)}]$  and  $[PSL_2(\mathbb{Z}):\overline{\Gamma_0(N)}]]$ .

[Hint: Note  $\Gamma(N) \leq \Gamma_1(N) \leq \Gamma_0(N) \leq \operatorname{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$  and compute  $[\Gamma_1(N) : \Gamma(N)]$  by constructing a suitable homomorphism  $\Gamma_1(N) \to \mathbb{Z}/(N)$  etc.]

- 3. Let *p* be prime.
  - (a) Show that the cusps for the congruence subgroup  $\Gamma_0(p)$  are the classes of 0 and  $\infty$ . Find the width of each cusp and a generator for its stabiliser.
  - (b) Prove that (the linear fractional transformations attached to the matrices)

$$\left\{ \left( \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ kp & 1 \end{array} \right) : 0 \le k \le p-1 \right\}$$

is a complete set of coset representatives for  $\overline{\Gamma_0(p^2)}$  in  $\overline{\Gamma_0(p)}$ . Show that  $\Gamma_0(p^2)$  has p+1 cusps: the classes of  $0, \infty$  and 1/kp for  $k=1, \cdots, p-1$ .

- 4. Let  $X_0(3) := \mathfrak{H}^*/\Gamma_0(3)$  be the compact Riemann surface associated to the congruence subgroup  $\Gamma_0(3)$ . Draw a fundamental domain  $D_{\Gamma_0(3)}$  for  $\Gamma_0(3)$ , and define explicit maps giving the local coordinate around each cusp and elliptic point. Draw a triangulation of  $D_{\Gamma_0(3)}$ , and hence by identifying appropriate edges one for  $X_0(3)$ . From your triangulation of  $X_0(3)$  compute its genus.
- 5. Write  $X_0(N)$  and  $X_1(N)$  for the compact Riemann surfaces associated to the groups  $\Gamma_0(N)$  and  $\Gamma_1(N)$ , respectively.
  - (a) Prove that (the linear fractional transformations attached to the matrices)

$$\left\{ \left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array}\right), \left(\begin{array}{cc} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 2 \end{array}\right) \right\}$$

is a complete set of coset representatives for  $\overline{\Gamma_1(5)}$  in  $\overline{\Gamma_0(5)}$ . Show that  $X_1(5)$  has 4 cusps: the orbits of  $0, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \infty$ . For each cusp find the width of the cusp and a generator for its stabiliser.

- (b) Show that  $X_1(5)$  has genus zero. [Recall in Sheet 1 we already showed that  $X_1(5)$  has no elliptic points.]
- (c) Show that  $\Gamma_0(5)$  has no elliptic points of order 3, and 2 elliptic points of order 2. [*Hint: Consider coset representatives for*  $\Gamma_0(5)$  *in*  $PSL_2(\mathbb{Z})$ .]
- (d) Prove that  $X_0(5)$  has genus zero. [More generally  $X_0(p)$  has genus (p-5)/12 when  $p \equiv 5 \mod 12$ . Can you see why?]